Report on the

Clarke County Board of Education

Clarke County, Alabama

October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015

Filed: May 13, 2016



Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

50 North Ripley Street, Room 3201 P.O. Box 302251 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2251 Website: www.examiners.alabama.gov

Ronald L. Jones, Chief Examiner



Ronald L. Jones Chief Examiner

State of Alabama

Department of

Examiners of Public Accounts

P.O. Box 302251, Montgomery, AL 36130-2251 50 North Ripley Street, Room 3201 Montgomery, Alabama 36104-3833 Telephone (334) 242-9200 FAX (334) 242-1775

Honorable Ronald L. Jones Chief Examiner of Public Accounts Montgomery, Alabama 36130

Dear Sir:

Under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5-21, I submit this report on the results of the audit of the Clarke County Board of Education, Clarke County, Alabama, for the period October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 220 day of April , 20 16

Notary Public

Respectfully submitted,

Meagan McDonald

Examiner of Public Accounts

rb

	<u> </u>	Page
Summary		A
	ms pertaining to federal, state and local legal compliance, Board and other matters.	
Independen	nt Auditor's Report	В
the financial	whether the financial information constitutes a fair presentation of position and results of financial operations in accordance with cepted accounting principles (GAAP).	
Basic Finan	cial Statements	1
financial sta	minimum combination of financial statements and notes to the tements that is required for the fair presentation of the Board's sition and results of operations in accordance with GAAP.	
Exhibit #1	Statement of Net Position	2
Exhibit #2	Statement of Activities	3
Exhibit #3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	5
Exhibit #4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	7
Exhibit #5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	8
Exhibit #6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Notes to the	e Financial Statements	11

	Table of Contents	Pag
Paguired Su	pplementary Information	37
Keyun eu Su	ppiementary imormation	31
	rmation required by the GASB to supplement the basic financial his information has not been audited and no opinion is provided ermation.	
Exhibit #7	Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	38
Exhibit #8	Schedule of the Employer's Contributions	39
Exhibit #9	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	40
Exhibit #10	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	44
Supplementa	ary Information	48
Contains fina	ncial information and notes relative to federal financial assistance.	
Exhibit #11	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	49
Notes to the	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	51
Additional In	<u>nformation</u>	52
required by go	c information related to the Board, including reports and items enerally accepted government auditing standards and/or U. S. nagement and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 for federal adits.	
Exhibit #12	Board Members and Administrative Personnel – a listing of the Board members and administrative personnel.	53
Exhibit #13	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards — a report on internal controls related to the financial statements and on whether the Board complied with laws and regulations which could have a direct and material effect on the Board's financial statements.	54

Table of Contents

		Pag
Exhibit #14	Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required	
	by OMB Circular A-133 – a report on internal controls over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to major federal programs and an opinion on whether the Board complied with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements which could have a direct and material effect on each major program.	56
Exhibit #15	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – a schedule summarizing the results of audit findings relating to the financial statements as required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> and findings and questioned costs for federal awards as required by OMB Circular A-133.	59



Department of **Examiners of Public Accounts**

SUMMARY

Clarke County Board of Education October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015

The Clarke County Board of Education (the "Board") is governed by a five-member body elected by the citizens of Clarke County. The members and administrative personnel in charge of governance of the Board are listed in Exhibit 12. The Board is the governmental agency that provides general administration and supervision for the Clarke County public schools, preschool through high school, with the exception of schools administered by the Thomasville City Board of Education.

This report presents the results of an audit the objectives of which were to determine whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position and results of financial operations and whether the Board complied with applicable laws and regulations, including those applicable to its major federal financial assistance programs. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States as well as the requirements of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts under the authority of the *Code of Alabama* 1975, Section 41-5-14.

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements, which means that the Board's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position and the results of its operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Tests performed during the audit did not disclose any significant instances of noncompliance with applicable state and local laws and regulations.

The following officials/administrative personnel were invited to an exit conference to discuss this report: Superintendent: Larry Bagley; Chief School Financial Officer: Carmen Rotch; and Board Members: Charlton Anderson, Clinton Hawkins, Thamus Douglas, Sherry Barnes, and Barry Chancey. The following individuals attended the exit conference, held at the Clarke County Board of Education: Larry Bagley, Superintendent; Carmen Rotch, Chief School Financial Officer; Sherry Barnes, Board Member; and representatives of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts: Christina Smith, Audit Manager and Meagan McDonald, Examiner.

16-273 A





Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Clarke County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Clarke County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clarke County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents as Exhibits 1 through 6.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The management of the Clarke County Board of Education is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

16-273 C

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Clarke County Board of Education, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended 2015 the Clarke County Board of Education adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* – an amendment of GASB Statement Number 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the Employer's Contributions, and the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual, (Exhibits 7 through 10) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Clarke County Board of Education has not presented a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

16-273 D

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clarke County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit 11) as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 4, 2016, on our consideration of the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ronald L. Jones Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 4, 2016

16-273 E





Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

	(Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,310,467.94
Investments		87,866.54
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable		3,227,970.97
Receivables (Note 4)		306,908.64
Inventories		79,910.96
Funding Agreement Receivable		1,353,130.00
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable		9,293,691.52
Depreciable, Net		20,681,731.98
Total Assets		37,341,678.55
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Employer Pension Contribution		1,747,072.94
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,747,072.94
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable		5,116.50
Unearned Revenue		60,987.96
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,774,315.89
Accrued Interest Payable		108,642.11
Long-Term Liabilities:		100,042.11
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year		547,863.91
Portion Due or Payable After One Year		41,416,475.56
Total Liabilities	-	43,913,401.93
		,,
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2 227 270 27
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Lease Interest		3,227,970.97 1,353,130.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability		1,824,000.00
Total Deferred Inflows on Resources		6,405,100.97
Total Deletted Illinows of the Sources		0,403,100.97
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		11,104,663.58
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects		70,715.19
Child Nutrition		316,260.85
Other Purposes		83,920.81
Unrestricted		(22,805,311.84)
Total Net Position	\$	(11,229,751.41)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

						Program Revenues		
				Charges		perating Grants		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		for Services	and Contributions			
Governmental Activities								
Instruction	\$	14,869,319.18	\$	340,922.83	\$	11,451,039.68		
Instructional Support		4,668,659.47		258,703.25		3,640,094.00		
Operation and Maintenance		2,110,335.72		86,743.39		1,138,633.20		
Auxiliary Services:								
Student Transportation		2,675,112.87		98,969.70		2,091,580.84		
Food Service		2,880,607.40		1,975,906.17		175,232.05		
General Administrative and Central Support		1,100,342.67				735,277.08		
Other Expenses		726,488.97		217,239.60		419,442.94		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,058,756.87						
Total Governmental Activities	\$	30,089,623.15	\$	2,978,484.94	\$	19,651,299.79		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes for General Purposes

Sales Tax

Other Taxes

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note 13)

Net Position - End of Year

		t (Expenses) Revenues Changes in Net Position
	apital Grants	Total Governmental
and	d Contributions	Activities
\$	603,003.51	\$ (2,474,353.16)
		(769,862.22)
	147,143.99	(737,815.14)
	336,000.00	(148,562.33)
		(729,469.18)
		(365,065.59)
		(89,806.43)
		(1,058,756.87)
\$	1,086,147.50	 (6,373,690.92)
		3,591,974.59
		500,000.45
		242,131.59
		48,693.37
		 1,005,370.90
		 5,388,170.90
		(985,520.02)
		 (10,244,231.39)

(11,229,751.41)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	992,131.72	\$ 686,238.81
Investments	,	, -	87,866.54
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable		3,227,970.97	,
Receivables (Note 4)		26,244.54	265,629.10
Interfund Receivables		19,243.90	
Inventories			79,910.96
Funding Agreement Receivable			
Total Assets		4,265,591.13	1,119,645.41
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts Payable		5,116.50	
Interfund Payables			4,208.90
Unearned Revenues			60,987.96
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,672,471.41	101,844.48
Total Liabilities		1,677,587.91	167,041.34
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		3,227,970.97	
Unavailable Revenue - Lease Interest		, ,	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,227,970.97	
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories			79,910.96
Restricted for:			
Debt Service		2,073.00	
Capital Projects			
Child Nutrition Program			236,349.89
Other Purposes		83,920.81	
Assigned:			
Local Schools			636,343.22
Unassigned		(725,961.56)	
Total Fund Balances		(639,967.75)	 952,604.07
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,265,591.13	\$ 1,119,645.41

Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 28,796.42	\$ 603,300.99	\$ 2,310,467.94 87,866.54
	15,035.00	3,227,970.97 306,908.64 19,243.90
1,353,130.00	242.22	79,910.96 1,353,130.00
 1,381,926.42	618,335.99	7,385,498.95
		5 440 50
	15,035.00	5,116.50 19,243.90
		60,987.96 1,774,315.89
	15,035.00	1,859,664.25
1 252 120 00		3,227,970.97
 1,353,130.00 1,353,130.00		1,353,130.00 4,581,100.97
.,		79,910.96
28,796.42		30,869.42
20,790.42	603,300.99	603,300.99
	333,333.33	236,349.89
		83,920.81
		636,343.22 (725,961.56)
28,796.42	603,300.99	944,733.73
\$ 1,381,926.42	\$ 618,335.99	\$ 7,385,498.95

6



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)

\$ 944,733.73

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The Cost of Capital Assets is Accumulated Depreciation is

\$ 49,406,901.85 (19,431,478.35)

29,975,423.50

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(76,927.06)

Long-term liabilities, including warrants payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt

547,863.91 \$ 41,416,475.56

(41,964,339.47)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Accrued Interest Payable

(108,642.11)

Total Net Positon - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)

\$ (11,229,751.41)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Revenues		
State	\$ 16,748,961.67	\$ 89,233.50
Federal	165,323.56	4,428,308.72
Local	4,397,008.84	1,756,179.17
Other	292,376.15	36,311.75
Total Revenues	 21,603,670.22	6,310,033.14
<u>Expenditures</u>		
Current:		
Instruction	11,958,470.22	2,205,481.45
Instructional Support	3,903,243.38	752,723.82
Operation and Maintenance	1,777,790.17	118,026.70
Auxiliary Services:		
Student Transportation	2,283,884.42	80,823.56
Food Service	2,358.89	3,046,191.83
General Administrative and Central Support	861,511.37	180,690.66
Other	93,663.02	633,688.26
Capital Outlay	27,219.90	270,166.73
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		
Total Expenditures	 20,908,141.37	7,287,793.01
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 695,528.85	(977,759.87)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Indirect Cost	273,844.08	
Long-Term Debt Issued		
Transfers In		695,847.21
Transfers Out	(1,062,650.65)	
Discounts on Long-Term Debt Issued		
Payments to Refunding Agent		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (788,806.57)	695,847.21
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(93,277.72)	(281,912.66)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 (546,690.03)	1,234,516.73
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ (639,967.75)	\$ 952,604.07

 Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$ 994,841.00	\$ 17,833,036.17 4,593,632.28
172,740.00	22,818.77	6,348,746.78 328,687.90
 172,740.00	1,017,659.77	29,104,103.13
		14,163,951.67
		4,655,967.20
	200,000.00	2,095,816.87
		2,364,707.98
	00 172 07	3,048,550.72 1,132,376.00
	90,173.97	727,351.28
	5,800,293.67	6,097,680.30
	0,000,200.07	0,007,000100
77,852.99	854,485.80	932,338.79
470,277.45	197,990.11	668,267.56
548,130.44	7,142,943.55	35,887,008.37
 (375,390.44)	(6,125,283.78)	(6,782,905.24)
		273,844.08
	2,805,000.00	2,805,000.00
366,803.44	, ,	1,062,650.65
		(1,062,650.65)
	(44,224.95)	(44,224.95)
	(2,268,772.23)	(2,268,772.23)
366,803.44	492,002.82	765,846.90
(8,587.00)	(5,633,280.96)	(6,017,058.34)
 37,383.42	6,236,581.95	6,961,792.07
\$ 28,796.42	\$ 603,300.99	\$ 944,733.73

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 5)	\$ (6,017,058.34)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$1,187,061.58) differed from capital outlays (\$6,097,680.30) in the current period.	4,910,618.72
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	932,338.79
Discounts on debt issuance are recorded as financing uses in the governmental funds, but are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	44,224.95
Payments to the refunding agent are recorded as expenditures or other financing uses in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.	2,268,772.23
Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. Issuing long-term debt increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position but does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(2,805,000.00)
Some expenses, reported in the Statement of Activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Amortization of Discount/Deferred Loss on Refunding Net Decrease in Pension Expense Net Increase in Accrued Interest Payable Total \$ (384,434.36) 71,072.94 (6,054.95)	(319,416.37)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ (985,520.02)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Clarke County Board of Education (the "Board") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board is governed by a separately elected board composed of five members elected by the qualified electors of the County. The Board is responsible for the general administration and supervision of the public schools for the educational interests of the County (with the exception of cities having a city board of education).

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the financial reporting entity consist of the primary government and its component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements present the Board (a primary government).

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no component units which should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

- ◆ <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Board primarily receives revenues from the Education Trust Fund (ETF) and local taxes. Amounts appropriated from the ETF were allocated to the school board on a formula basis.
- ◆ <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Various federal and local funding sources are included in this fund. Some of the significant federal funding sources include the federal funds that are received for Special Education, Title I, and the Child Nutrition Program in addition to various smaller grants, which are required to be spent for the purposes of the applicable federal grants. Also included in this fund are the public and non-public funds received by the local schools which are generally not considered restricted or committed.
- ◆ <u>Debt Service Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and the accumulation of resources for principal and interest payments maturing in future years.
- <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. General long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

<u>D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by the pledged of the three-mill school tax and certificates of deposit.

2. Receivables

Millage rates for property taxes are levied at the first regular meeting of the County Commission in February of each year. Property taxes are assessed for property as of October 1 of the preceding year based on the millage rates established by the County Commission. Property taxes are due and payable the following October 1 and are delinquent after December 31. Amounts receivable, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded for the property taxes levied in the current year. However, since the amounts are not available to fund current year operations, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year when the taxes are both due and collectible and available to fund operations.

Receivables due from other governments include amounts due from grantors for grants issued for specific programs.

Funding Agreement Receivable consists of amounts due from the City of Jackson pertaining to the construction of a new elementary school. Also associated with this receivable is Unavailable Revenue – Lease Interest.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain restricted funds received from the Alabama Department of Education as well as unspent debt proceeds for capital projects and improvements are included in cash on the balance sheet. The Public School Fund Capital Projects and Fleet Renewal funding sources are restricted for use in various construction projects and the purchase of school buses.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Major outlays of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets estimated useful life. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements Buildings Buildings Under Capital Lease/Funding Agreement Building Improvements Equipment and Furniture Vehicles	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000	20 years 25 – 50 years 25 – 50 years 5 – 30 years 5 – 20 years 8 – 10 years

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Warrant discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Warrants payable are reported net of the applicable warrant discount. Warrant issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net position/fund balances by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources decrease net position/fund balances, similar to liabilities.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the "Plan") financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position is reported on the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following categories:

- ♦ Net Investment in Capital Assets Capital assets minus accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus or minus any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to those assets or related debt. Any significant unspent related debt proceeds and any deferred outflows or inflows at year-end related to capital assets are not included in this calculation.
- <u>Restricted</u> Constraints imposed on net position by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- ♦ <u>Unrestricted</u> is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted portion of net position. Assignments and commitments of unrestricted net position should not be reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position.

16

Fund balance is reported in governmental funds in the fund financial statements under the following five categories:

- A. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of nonspendable fund balance reserves for which fund balance shall not be available for financing general operating expenditures include: inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables.
- B. Restricted fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- C. Committed fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action or resolution of the Board, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove or modify the constraint.
- D. Assigned fund balances consist of amounts that are intended to be used by the Board for specific purposes. The Board or its designee makes a determination of the assigned amounts of fund balance. Such assignments may not exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Assigned fund balances require the same level of authority to remove the constraint.
- E. Unassigned fund balances include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, the Board shall consider restricted amounts to be reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, the Board shall consider committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All other governmental funds adopt budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund, which adopts project-length budgets. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before October 1 of each year, each county board of education shall prepare and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget to be adopted by the County Board of Education. The Superintendent or County Board of Education shall not approve any budget for operations of the school for any fiscal year which shall show expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand.

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position of Individual Funds

At September 30, 2015, the following governmental fund had a deficit fund balance:

General Fund \$639,967.75

The deficit in the General Fund is a result of the salary accrual adjustment. Salaries and benefits payable at September 30, 2015, are funded with an appropriation from the State of Alabama that is not legally available to the Board until October 1 and, therefore, is not reflected as revenue in the Board's financial statements as of September 30, 2015.

Note 3 – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Board will not be able to cover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Under this program, financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance. All of the Board's investments were in certificates of deposit. These certificates of deposit are classified as "Deposits" in order to determine insurance and collateralization. However, they are classified as "Investments" on the financial statements.

Note 4 – Receivables

On September 30, 2015, receivables for the Board's individual major funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Receivables: Accounts Intergovernmental Total Receivables	\$ 426.52 25,818.02 \$26,244.54	\$ 12,213.00 253,416.10 \$265,629.10	\$15,035.00 \$15,035.00	\$ 27,674.52 279,234.12 \$306,908.64

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	10/01/2014	Reclassification (*)	Additions	Retirements	09/30/2015
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	# 50.040.00	•	•	•	.
Land	\$ 53,016.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 53,016.00
Construction in Progress	1,193,817.45		5,800,293.67		6,994,111.12
Land Improvements – Inexhaustible	2,246,564.40				2,246,564.40
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Being Depreciated	3,493,397.85		5,800,293.67		9,293,691.52
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	070 400 04				070 400 04
Land Improvements – Exhaustible	276,426.61				276,426.61
Buildings	21,295,773.81	8,112,979.38			29,408,753.19
Buildings (Projects) Under Lease	8,112,979.38	(8,112,979.38)			
Buildings Improvements	3,324,605.92				3,324,605.92
Equipment and Furniture	5,270,950.97		297,386.63	(116,117.74)	5,452,219.86
Equipment Under Capital Lease	1,651,204.75				1,651,204.75
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	39,931,941.44		297,386.63	(116,117.74)	40,113,210.33
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	(404 400 00)		(0.000.00)		(400.070.00)
Land Improvements – Exhaustible	(191,182.69)		(6,896.33)		(198,079.02)
Buildings	(9,867,787.09)		(527,649.69)		(12,771,544.85)
Buildings (Projects) Under Lease	(2,376,108.07)		// / o/\		(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Buildings Improvements	(1,290,572.71)		(152,177.61)		(1,442,750.32)
Equipment and Furniture	(4,241,398.94)		(335,217.43)	116,117.74	(4,460,498.63)
Equipment Under Capital Lease	(393,485.01)		(165,120.52)		(558,605.53)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,360,534.51)		(1,187,061.58)	116,117.74	(19,431,478.35)
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated, Net	21,571,406.93		(889,674.95)		20,681,731.98
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 25,064,804.78	\$	\$ 4,910,618.72	\$	\$ 29,975,423.50

^(*) Amounts in the "Reclassifications" column represent assets formerly financed under a lease agreement being reclassified to "Buildings" due to a change in the financing of these assets.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Current Year Depreciation Expense
Governmental Activities: Instruction Instructional Support Operation and Maintenance	\$ 749,257.77 26,039.31 16,295.77
Auxiliary Services: Student Transportation Food Service General Administration and Central Support Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	315,137.55 69,778.75 10,552.43 \$1,187,061.58

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan (the "Plan"), was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act Number 419, Acts of Alabama 1939, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control. The TRS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25-2, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

B. Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act Number 2012-377, Acts of Alabama, established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of creditable service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary based on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

C. Contributions

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2015, was 11.71% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.05% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$1,747,072.94 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

<u>D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2015, the Board reported a liability of \$22,566,000.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2014, the Board's proportion was 0.248395%, which was a decrease of 0.001706% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2013.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the Board recognized pension expense of \$1,676,000.00. At September 30, 2015, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected	\$	\$
and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		1,692,000.00
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent	4 747 070 04	132,000.00
to the measurement date Total	1,747,072.94 \$1,747,072.94	\$1,824,000.00

The \$1,747,072.94 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending:	
September 30, 2016	\$(454,000)
2017 2018	\$(454,000) \$(454,000)
2019	\$(454,000)
2020 Thereafter	\$ (8,000) \$

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return (*)	8.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.50%-8.25%
(*) Net of pension plan investment	expense

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2010. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes on January 27, 2012, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2012.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males or females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA projected to 2015 and set back one year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
Fixed Income U. S. Large Stocks U. S. Mid Stocks U. S. Small Stocks International Developed Market Stocks International Emerging Market Stocks Real Estate Cash	25.00% 34.00% 8.00% 3.00% 15.00% 3.00% 10.00% 2.00%	5.00% 9.00% 12.00% 15.00% 11.00% 16.00% 7.50%
Total (*) Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%.	100.00%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Board's proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$30,741	\$22,566	\$15,636
(Dollar amounts in thousands)			

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2014. The auditor's report dated May 1, 2015, on the total pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total pension expense for the sum of all participating entities as of September 30, 2014, along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Board contributes to the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The Trust provides health care benefits to state and local school system retirees and was established in 2007 under the provisions of Act Number 2007-16, Acts of Alabama, as an irrevocable trust fund. Responsibility for general administration and operations of the Trust is vested with the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) members. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, provides the PEEHIB with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years. The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at the Public Educations Employees' Health Insurance Plan website, http://www.rsa-al.gov.

B. Funding Policy

The Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF) was established in 1983 under the provisions of Act Number 83-455, Acts of Alabama, to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions. The plan is administered by the PEEHIB. Any Trust assets used in paying administrative costs and retiree benefits are transferred to and paid from the PEEHIF. The PEEHIB periodically reviews the funds available in the PEEHIF and if excess funds are determined to be available, the PEEHIB authorizes a transfer of funds from the PEEHIF to the Trust. Retirees are required to contribute monthly as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2015
Individual Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible Individual Coverage – Medicare Eligible Family Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependent(s) Family Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible Family Coverage – Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependent(s) Family Coverage – Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Non-Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Non-Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible	\$151.00 \$ 10.00 \$391.00 \$250.00 \$109.00 \$700.00 \$934.00 \$907.00 \$354.00 \$595.00 \$568.00

For employees that retire other than for disability on or after October 1, 2005, and before January 1, 2012, for each year under 25 years of service, the retiree pays two percent of the employer premium and for each year over 25 years of service, the retiree premium is reduced by two percent of the employer premium. Employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012, with less than 25 years of service, are required to pay 4% for each year under 25 years of service. In addition, non-Medicare eligible employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012, are required to pay 1% more for each year less than 65 (age premium) and to pay the net difference between the active employee subsidy and the non-Medicare eligible retiree subsidy (subsidy premium). When the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, the age and subsidy premium no longer applies, but the years of service premium (if applicable to the retiree) will continue to be applied throughout retirement. These changes are being phased in over a 5 year period. The tobacco premium is \$28.00 per month for retired members that use tobacco.

The Board is required to contribute at a rate specified by the State for each active employee. The Board's share of premiums for retired Board employees health insurance is included as part of the premium for active employees. The following shows the required contributions in dollars and the percentage of that amount contributed for Board retirees:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Active Health Insurance Premiums Paid By Board	Amount of Premium Attributable to Retirees	Percentage of Active Employee Premiums Attributable to Retirees	Total Amount Paid Attributable to Retirees	Percentage of Required Amount Contributed
2015	\$780.00	\$180.76	23.17%	\$ 830,255.24	100%
2014	\$714.00	\$220.09	30.83%	\$1,072,416.93	100%
2013	\$714.00	\$216.90	30.38%	\$1,064,718.44	100%

Each year the PEEHIB certifies to the Governor and to the Legislature the contribution rates based on the amount needed to fund coverage for benefits for the following fiscal year and the Legislature sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill. This results in a pay-as-you-go funding method.

Note 8 – Construction and Other Significant Commitments

As of September 30, 2015, the Board was obligated under the following significant construction contract:

Joe M. Gillmore Elementary School \$262,845.00

Note 9 - Lease Obligations

Capital Leases

The Board is obligated under certain leases accounted for as a capital leases. Equipment under capital lease totaled \$1,651,204.75 at September 30, 2015. If the Board completes the lease payments according to the schedules below, which is the stated intent of the Board, ownership of the leased equipment will pass to the Board. Until that time, the leased equipment will be identified separately on the balance sheet. The following are schedules of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2015:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities
i local i cal Eliang	7.00.7100
September 30, 2016	\$173,839.60
2017	173,839.60
2018	173,839.60
2019	173,839.60
2020	66,739.32
2021	38,380.85
Total Minimum Lease Payments	800,478.57
Less: Amount Representing Interest	62,139.10
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$738,339.47

Note 10 – Long-Term Debt

In 1992, the Clarke County Commission issued the Series 1992 Limited Obligation School Warrants to provide funds for construction of school facilities (the "Project"). Simultaneously with the issuance of the warrants, the Clarke County Commission entered into a lease agreement with the Board. Under the terms of the agreement, the Board agreed to lease certain school facilities from the Commission. The Board agreed to pay principal and interest payments under the lease that would coincide with the principal and interest payments due on the warrants. In 1999, the Clarke County Commission issued the Series 1999 Limited Obligation School Warrants under the First Supplemental Indenture that amended and supplemented the Series 1992 Limited Obligation School Warrants. The warrant proceeds were used for the acquisition, construction and equipping of school facilities. Simultaneously with the issuance of the warrants, the Clarke County Commission entered into a First Supplemental Lease Agreement with the Board which amended and supplemented the 1992 lease agreement. Under the supplemental lease, the Commission leased the new school improvements as part of the original project to the Board for a term extending to the maturity of the Series 1999 Warrants (February 1, 2023). The Board agreed to pay principal and interest payments under the lease that would coincide with the principal and interest payments due on the Series 1999 Warrants issued by the Commission. In 2004, the Clarke County Commission issued the Series 2004 Limited Obligation School Warrants under the Second Supplemental Indenture that amended and supplemented the Series 1999 Limited Obligation School Warrants. The warrant proceeds were used to refund the Series 1999 Limited Obligation School Warrants, to construct various school improvements and to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2004 Warrant. Simultaneously with the issuance of the warrants, the Clarke County Commission entered into a Second Supplemental Lease Agreement with the Board which amended and supplemented the 1999 and 1992 lease Under the supplemental lease, the Commission leased the new school improvements as part of the original project to the Board for a term extending to the maturity of the Series 2004 Warrants (February 1, 2034). The Board agreed to pay principal and interest payments under the lease that would coincide with the principal and interest payments due on the Series 2004 Warrants issued by the Commission. Certain Warrants having a stated maturity on February 1, 2034, will be subject to scheduled mandatory redemption prior to their maturity. At the end of the lease term, the Board can buy the Project for \$100.00. A portion of the 2004 debt was refunded by the 2013 Tax Anticipation Refunding Warrants. The remaining portion of the 2004 debt was refunded by the 2015 School Tax Warrants.

On September 1, 2012, the Board issued \$7,665,000.00 in Tax Anticipation Refunding Warrants with interest rates of 2.00 to 3.10 percent. The purpose of the debt is for the refunding and retiring the Series 2006 Warrants.

30

On November 1, 2013, the Board issued \$9,355,000.00 in Tax Anticipation Refunding Warrants with interest rates of 1.40 to 4.12 percent. The purpose of the debt was for the partial refunding of the 2004 Funding Agreement and to finance the construction of a new Joe M. Gillmore Elementary School. As part of this warrant issuance, the Board entered into a funding agreement [reflected as Funding Agreement Receivable] with the City of Jackson for amounts approximating one-half of the interest accruing on those 2013 warrants referable to financing the costs of the construction of the new school.

On April 1, 2015, the Board issued \$2,805,000.00 in School Tax Warrants, Series 2015 with interest rates of 2.50 to 3.50 percent. The purpose of the debt was for the current refunding of the remaining amount of the 2004 Funding Agreement and also to finance the costs of capital improvements to one or more of the schools operated by the Board.

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Board for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Debt Outstanding 10/01/2014, as Restated (*)	Issued/ Increased	Repaid/ Decreased (**)	Debt Outstanding 09/30/2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Warrants Payable:					
Tax Anticipation Refunding					
Warrants, 2012	\$ 6,920,000.00	\$	\$ (370,000.00)	\$ 6,550,000.00	\$375,000.00
Tax Anticipation Warrants, 2013	9,325,000.00		(20,000.00)	9,305,000.00	20,000.00
School Tax Warrants, 2015		2,805,000.00		2,805,000.00	
Total Warrants Payable	16,245,000.00	2,805,000.00	(390,000.00)	18,660,000.00	395,000.00
L					
Notes Payable:					
Note Payable, 2007	131,113.83		(131,113.83)		
Total Notes Payable	131,113.83		(131,113.83)		
Other Liabilities:					
Capital Lease Contract Payable Obligations Under Capital	1,009,564.43		(271,224.96)	738,339.47	152,863.91
Lease/Funding Agreement Deferred Amounts:	2,380,000.00		(2,380,000.00)		
Unamortized Discount	(168,430.41)	(44,224.95)	212,655.36		
Net Pension Liability	24,498,000.00	(,,	(1,932,000.00)	22,566,000.00	
Total Other Liabilities	27,719,134.02	(44,224.95)	(4,370,569.60)	23,304,339.47	152,863.91
Governmental Activities		,	•		
Long-Term Liabilities	\$44,095,247.85	\$2,760,775.05	\$(4,891,683.43)	\$41,964,339.47	\$547,863.91

^(*) The beginning balance for long-term liabilities was restated for pension amounts due to the implementation of GASB Statement Number 68, see Note 13.

^(**) Included in the 'repaid/decreased' column are amounts refunded for the Obligations Under Capital Lease/Funding Agreement in the amount of \$2,240,000.00.

Payments on the Warrants Payable are made by the debt service funds with Public School funds and local revenues. Payments on the Capital Lease Contracts Payable are made with fleet renewal funds and local revenues.

The following is a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity:

First Wass Furdion	Warrants F	<i>-</i>	Capital Le	_	Total Principal and Interest Requirements
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	to Maturity
September 30, 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2035 2036-2040 2041-2043	\$ 395,000.00 550,000.00 555,000.00 560,000.00 575,000.00 3,100,000.00 2,925,000.00 3,915,000.00 2,465,000.00	\$ 630,203.76 625,003.76 617,701.26 608,626.26 597,541.26 2,768,017.55 2,299,555.65 1,791,977.50 1,017,618.75 179,193.75	\$152,863.91 157,136.65 161,529.70 166,046.45 63,590.16 37,172.60	\$20,975.69 16,702.95 12,309.90 7,793.15 3,149.16 1,208.25	\$ 1,199,043.36 1,348,843.36 1,346,540.86 1,342,465.86 1,239,280.58 5,906,398.40 5,919,555.65 4,716,977.50 4,932,618.75 2,644,193.75
Totals	\$18,660,000,00	\$11.135.439.50	\$738,339.47	\$62,139.10	\$30,595,918.07
=	+ 12,223,000.00	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 	+	Ţ,:000	+

Pledged Revenues

In 2012, the Board issued Tax Anticipation Refunding Warrants, Series 2012, in the amount of \$7,665,000.00 for the purpose of refunding previously issued bonds. The Board pledged to repay the warrants from the special county tax along with other ad valorem taxes received from the revenue commissioner. Future revenues of \$7,973,506.25 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the 2012 warrants at September 30, 2015. Funds in the amount of \$530,997.50 were used to pay principal and interest on the debt during the 2015 fiscal year. The Tax Anticipation Refunding Warrants, Series 2012 will mature in fiscal year 2030.

In 2013, the Board issued Tax Anticipation Warrants, Series 2013, in the amount of \$9,355,000.00 for the purposes of partially refunding previously issued bonds and to finance the construction of a new Joe M. Gillmore Elementary School. The Board pledged to repay the warrants from the special county tax along with other ad valorem taxes received from the revenue commissioner. Future revenues of \$17,569,471.25 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the 2013 warrants at September 30, 2015. Funds in the amount of \$409,507.50 were used to pay principal and interest on the debt during the 2015 fiscal year. The Tax Anticipation Warrants, Series 2013 will mature in fiscal year 2043.

In 2015, the Board issued School Tax Warrants, Series 2015, in the amount of \$2,805,000.00 for the purpose of refunding the remaining portion of its 2004 debt and to finance the costs of capital improvements at one or more of its schools. The Board pledged to repay the warrants from the special county tax along with other ad valorem taxes received from the revenue commissioner. Future revenues of \$4,252,462.00 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the 2015 warrants at September 30, 2015. Funds in the amount of \$24,929.85 were used to pay interest on the debt during the 2015 fiscal year. The School Tax Warrants, Series 2015 will mature in fiscal year 2037.

Refunded Debt

On April 1, 2015, the Board issued \$2,805,000.00 in School Tax Warrants, Series 2015 with interest rates of 2.50 to 3.50 percent. The purpose of the debt was for the refunding of the remaining amount of the 2004 Funding Agreement and also to finance the costs of capital improvements to one or more of the schools operated by the Board. The net proceeds of \$2,268,772.23 were used to purchase U. S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited with a trustee to currently refund the remaining portion of the 2004 debt. The refunding occurred on May 18, 2015. As a result, \$2,240,000.00 of the 2004 debt (the remaining portion) has been refunded and the liability for those warrants has been removed.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$28,772.23. As a result of the refunding, the Board reduced its total debt service requirements by \$51,024.70, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$45,461.79.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF) part of the State of Alabama, Department of Finance, Division of Risk Management, which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state owned properties and county boards of education. The Board pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage requested. The SIF is self-insured up to \$3.5 million per occurrence and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$3.5 million. Errors and omissions insurance is purchased from the Alabama Trust for Boards of Education (ATBE), a public entity risk pool. The ATBE collects the premiums and purchases excess insurance for any amount of coverage requested by pool participants in excess of the coverage provided by the pool. The Board purchases automobile liability insurance from a commercial firm. Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF), administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB). The Fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are determined annually by the plan's actuary and are based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. contributes a specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee of state educational The Board's contribution is applied against the employees' premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Board's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Board does not have insurance coverage of job-related injuries. Board employees who are injured while on the job are entitled to salary and fringe benefits of up to ninety working days in accordance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-1-18.1(d). Any unreimbursed medical expenses and costs which the employee incurs as a result of an on-the-job injury may be filed for reimbursement with the State Board of Adjustment.

Note 12 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables General Fund	Totals
Interfund Payables: Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund Totals	\$ 4,208.90 15,035.00 \$19,243.90	\$ 4,208.90 15,035.00 \$19,243.90

Interfund Transfers

The amounts of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, were as follows:

Transfer	rs In	
Special	Debt	
Revenue	Service	
Fund	Fund	Totals
\$695,847.21	\$366,803.44	\$1,062,650.65
\$695,847.21	\$366,803.44	\$1,062,650.65
	Special Revenue Fund \$695,847.21	Revenue Service Fund Fund \$695,847.21 \$366,803.44

The Board typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies, to recoup certain expenditures paid on-behalf of the local schools, and to transfer the portion from the General Fund to the debt service fund to service current-year debt requirements.

Note 13 – Restatements

In fiscal year 2015, the Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 68 (GASB 68), *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The provisions of GASB 68 establish accounting and financial reporting standards for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. Implementation of this statement requires a restatement to beginning net position. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the Board's financial statements. For fiscal year 2015, the Board made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB 68 which required the restatement of the September 30, 2014, net position in Governmental Activities. The impact of the restatements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Net Position, September 30, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$ 12,469,768.61
Restatements Due to Adoption of GASB Statement Number 68: Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources	(24,498,000.00) 1,784,000.00
Governmental Activities Net Position, September 30, 2014, as Restated	\$(10,244,231.39)

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended September 30, 2015 (dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.248395%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 22,566
Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$ 15,744
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	143.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	71.01%

^(*) Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For fiscal year 2015, the measurement period is October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2014.

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the Employer's Contributions For the Year Ended September 30, 2015 (dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,747
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,747
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,960
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.68%

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Α	Actual Amounts	
		Original		Final	В	udgetary Basis	
P							
Revenues State	\$	16,702,183.00	\$	16,753,518.00	\$	16,748,961.67	
Federal	Ф	1,600.00	Φ	1,600.00	Φ	165,323.56	
Local		4,306,530.00		4,306,530.00		4,397,008.84	
Other		204,000.00		204,000.00		292,376.15	
Total Revenues		21,214,313.00		21,265,648.00		21,603,670.22	
Total Revenues		21,214,313.00		21,265,646.00		21,003,070.22	
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Current:							
Instruction		11,644,283.00		11,661,942.00		11,754,294.94	
Instructional Support		4,015,907.00		3,956,041.00		3,882,853.86	
Operation and Maintenance		1,630,485.00		1,539,960.00		1,775,654.73	
Auxiliary Services:							
Student Transportation		2,142,747.00		2,267,747.00		2,249,176.20	
Food Service						2,358.89	
General Administrative and Central Support		824,900.00		824,900.00		861,511.37	
Other		99,939.00		99,939.00		104,498.19	
Capital Outlay						27,219.90	
Total Expenditures		20,358,261.00		20,350,529.00		20,657,568.08	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		856,052.00		915,119.00		946,102.14	
·		,		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Indirect Cost		276,592.26		280,594.40		273,844.08	
Transfers In		223,419.00		223,419.00			
Transfers Out		(1,373,747.08)		(1,373,747.08)		(1,062,650.65)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(873,735.82)		(869,733.68)		(788,806.57)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(17,683.82)		45,385.32		157,295.57	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		750,000.00		894,679.44		875,208.09	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	732,316.18	\$	940,064.76	\$	1,032,503.66	

	В	udget to GAAP Differences	Α	ctual Amounts GAAP Basis
	\$		\$	16,748,961.67
	Ψ		Ψ	165,323.56
				4,397,008.84
				292,376.15
				21,603,670.22
(1)		(204,175.28)		11,958,470.22
(1)		(20,389.52)		3,903,243.38
(1)		(2,135.44)		1,777,790.17
(1)		(34,708.22)		2,283,884.42
				2,358.89
				861,511.37
(1)		10,835.17		93,663.02
		(050 570 00)		27,219.90
		(250,573.29)		20,908,141.37
		(250,573.29)		695,528.85
		(200,010.20)		000,020.00
				273,844.08
				273,044.00
				(1,062,650.65)
				(788,806.57)
		(250,573.29)		(93,277.72)
(2)		(1,421,898.12)		(546,690.03)
	\$	(1,672,471.41)	\$	(639,967.75)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Explanation of Differences Between Actual Amounts on Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exception:

(1) The Board budgets for salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis (GAAP).

Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget to GAAP

(2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above. \$ (250,573.29)

\$ (250,573.29)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts	
		Original		Final	Bud	dgetary Basis	
D							
Revenues	•	440040 =0	•	00 -04 0-	•		
State	\$	110,010.50	\$	90,764.67	\$	89,233.50	
Federal		4,313,548.99		4,443,612.66		4,428,308.72	
Local		1,412,776.00		1,563,349.18		1,756,179.17	
Other		63,500.00		63,500.00		36,311.75	
Total Revenues		5,899,835.49		6,161,226.51		6,310,033.14	
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Current:							
Instruction		2,165,268.22		2,219,697.55		2,205,481.45	
Instructional Support		734,189.69		783,862.61		752,723.82	
Operation and Maintenance		59,566.00		59,566.00		118,026.70	
Auxiliary Services:							
Student Transportation		61,445.00		61,445.00		80,823.56	
Food Service		2,909,232.35		3,575,986.05		3,036,517.02	
General Administrative		179,853.72		181,186.19		180,690.66	
Other		608,513.86		613,766.29		633,688.26	
Capital Outlay		,		,		270,166.73	
Total Expenditures		6,718,068.84		7,495,509.69		7,278,118.20	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(818,233.35)		(1,334,283.18)		(968,085.06)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		997,177.08		997,177.08		695,847.21	
Transfers Out		(222,240.00)		(222,240.00)		000,017.21	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		774,937.08		774,937.08		695,847.21	
rotal other rinarioning courses (occo)		77 1,007.00		77 1,007.00		000,017.21	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(43,296.27)		(559,346.10)		(272,237.85)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		980,330.00		1,327,006.62		1,326,686.40	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	937,033.73	\$	767,660.52	\$	1,054,448.55	

	Budget to Differe		ual Amounts AAP Basis
	\$		\$ 89,233.50
			4,428,308.72
			1,756,179.17
			36,311.75
			6,310,033.14
			2,205,481.45
			752,723.82
			118,026.70
			80,823.56
(1)	(9	,674.81)	3,046,191.83
			180,690.66
			633,688.26
		(674.04)	270,166.73
	(8),674.81)	7,287,793.01
	(9	,674.81)	(977,759.87)
			695,847.21
			695,847.21
	(9	,674.81)	(281,912.66)
(2)	(92	2,169.67)	1,234,516.73
	\$ (101	,844.48)	\$ 952,604.07

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Explanation of Differences Between Actual Amounts on Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exception:

- (1) The Board budgets for salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis (GAAP).
 - Net Change in Fund Balance Budget to GAAP
- (2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

\$ (9,674.81) \$ (9,674.81)

47



Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number
U. S. Department of Education		
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education		
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (M)	84.010	N/A
Special Education Cluster:		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N/A
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N/A
Sub-Total Special Education Cluster		
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A
Rural Education	84.358	N/A
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N/A
Rehabilitation Services-Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	N/A
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities-National Programs Total U. S. Department of Education	84.184	N/A
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Alabama Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program: Cash Assistance Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) Sub-Total National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program - Cash Assistance Summer Food Program Sub-Total Child Nutrition Cluster Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.555 10.555 10.553 10.559 10.582	N/A N/A N/A N/A
U.S. Department of Labor Passed Through Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs WIA - Youth Activities WIA - Youth Activities Total U. S. Department of Labor	17.259 17.259	37230006 47230006
Social Security Administration Passed Through Alabama Department of Education Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	N/A

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

(M) = Major Program

N/A = Not Available/Not Applicable

The accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Clarke County

	Budget							
Assistance				Federal	•	Revenue		
Period		Total		Share		Recognized		Expenditures
10/01/2014-09/30/2015	\$	47,975.64	\$	47,975.64	\$	47,975.64	\$	47,975.64
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		1,313,568.99		1,313,568.99		1,288,346.48		1,288,346.48
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		739,903.00		739,903.00		739,903.00		739,903.00
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		28,306.00		28,306.00		28,306.00		28,306.00
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		768,209.00		768,209.00		768,209.00		768,209.00
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		220,221.60		220,221.60		220,221.60		220,221.60
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		81,610.51		81,610.51		64,565.97		64,565.97
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		195,450.93		195,450.93		175,450.06		175,450.06
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		14,957.88		14,957.88		14,957.88		14,957.88
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		500.00		500.00		500.00		500.00
		2,642,494.55		2,642,494.55		2,580,226.63		2,580,226.63
10/01/2014-09/30/2015 10/01/2014-09/30/2015		1,241,264.56 92,059.79		1,241,264.56 92,059.79		1,241,264.56 92,059.79		1,241,264.56 92,059.79
		1,333,324.35		1,333,324.35		1,333,324.35		1,333,324.35
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		490,962.20		490,962.20		490,962.20		490,962.20
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		5,340.20		5,340.20		5,340.20		5,340.20
		1,829,626.75		1,829,626.75		1,829,626.75		1,829,626.75
10/01/2014-09/30/2015		66,683.05		66,683.05		66,683.05		66,683.05
		1,896,309.80		1,896,309.80		1,896,309.80		1,896,309.80
11/01/2014-06/30/2015 07/01/2014-06/30/2015		77,311.95 150,000.00 227,311.95		77,311.95 150,000.00 227,311.95		11,905.07 102,560.68 114,465.75		11,905.07 102,560.68 114,465.75
10/01/2014-09/30/2015	\$	2,630.00 4,768,746.30	\$	2,630.00 4,768,746.30	\$	2,630.00 4,593,632.18	\$	2,630.00 4,593,632.18
		.,. 55,7 15.50	Ψ.	.,. 55,1 15150	Ψ	.,555,552.10	Ψ	.,555,552.10

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Clarke County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Additional Information

Board Members and Administrative Personnel October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015

Board Members	Term Expires	
Hon. Charlton F. Anderson	President	2016
Hon. Sherry Barnes	Vice-President	2016
Hon. Barry Chancey	Member	2018
Hon. Thamus Douglas	Member	2018
Hon. Clinton Hawkins	Member	2016
Administrative Personnel		
Hon. Larry Bagley	Superintendent	2016
Mrs. Carmen Rotch	Chief School Financial Officer	Indefinite

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Clarke County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Clarke County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clarke County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 4, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clarke County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ronald L. Jones
Chief Examiner
Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 4, 2016

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Clarke County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Clarke County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Clarke County Board of Education's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015. The Clarke County Board of Education's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Examiner's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Clarke County Board of Education's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clarke County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Clarke County Board of Education's compliance.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Clarke County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Clarke County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clarke County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

58

Ronald L. Jones Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 4, 2016

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Section I – Summary of Examiner's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of opinion issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to financial	Yes X None reported
statements noted?	YesX No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	YesXNo
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000.00
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	XYesNo

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

<u>Section II – Financial Statement Findings (GAGAS)</u>

Ref.	Type of		Questioned
No.	Finding	Finding/Noncompliance	Costs
		No matters were reportable.	

Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Ref.	CFDA			Questioned
No.	No.	Program	Finding/Noncompliance	Costs
			No matters were reportable.	